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Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council
TOURISM STRATEGY
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TOURISM STRATEGY

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Executive Summary

Tourism is a relatively new disperime to the athority and the production of this strategy will provide strategic direction and guidance develop tourismin Blaenau Gwent. This development will improve the quality of life of the cal people and visitors alike by, attracting inward investment, and developing new and upgrading existing tourism product and maximising marketing opportunities.

An action plan has been produced that will vedep all aspects of tourism with the aim of increasing the volume and economic benefitted irism within the area. The plan will provide strategic focus in developing opposities for local government, private and community enterprises. It important, however, that any development should be sustainable, environmentally, economically and culturally.

In addition to the development of the Tourisproduct, it is essential that all arrheting avenues be explored to maximise the opportunities exist. Every efforts hould be made to local tourism operators to engage in these activities. The effective monitoring of markets and marketing activity, collection of statistical evideen and research activities that will analyse the effectiveness of the trategy is critical for the economiscustainability of tourism in the area.

The Tourism strategy can be delived by building on the following:

- OUR ENVIRONMENT nearly three quarteos Blaenau Gwent can be counted as green areas and open countryside, contrast tom dramatic valleys to desolate open moorland. These contrasts provide a wondes to backdrop for tourists and give the opportunity of exploration on foot oycle for all ages and abilities.
- OUR DIVERSITY Blaenau Gwent is a smallosaic of the many features of Wales, however, due to our sizenal diversity there is no domaint brand that makes us a tourist destination. We therefore havework in partnershipwith other groups and consortiums to maximise our tourism potential.
- TOURISM FORUM The establishing of a new tourism forum to develop tourism product and maximise otheorpportunities that exist. The forum should draw membership from the business and volumnt sector but anymember should be committed to attracting and welcoming vistopfrom both within Blaenau Gwent and further a field.
- x MARKETING All efforts must be madeo secure the support of our tourism businesses and community groupsmarketing campaigns to extend the coverage of our area in tourism brochures another raise the Blaenau Gwent profile.
- MARKETS South East Wales is still hearly reliant on visitors from the UK who make up 89% of the total. The English pergis are the most important to the region with 59% of domestic visitsKey areas within the English regions are South East, South West, London, North West, est and East Midlands. The M4 and M5 corridors tend to drive these markets along their axes.

- x MARKET SEGMENTATION Primary segments the UK market are affluent early retired, affluent emptnesters and better off families. Secondary segments are pre-family professionals and risers. These key Wales Tourist Board markets.
- x ACCOMMODATION It is clear that a porportion of our accommodation stock has

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Blaenau Gwent Vision Statement

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council was established following Local Government Reorganisation in Wales 1996. The Community Plan identifies the Authority's vision as:

To enhance the quality of life for the people of Blaenau Gwent by providing/enabling services in partnerships that help create and regenerate a more caring, prosperous, vibtarafe and healthy community.'

The appointment of the Tourism Managera new service areaitwin Leisure services and it reflects the authimist commitment to the production and implementation of a tourism strategy and the benefits that this will bring to the area.

1.2 Tourism Mission Statement

'To improve the quality of life for locals and sitors alike by enhancing the image of the area, attracting inward investment eleping new and upgrading existing tourism product and increasing touisment end expenditure.'

1.3 <u>Community Services</u>

The Leisure Division of the Community Sees Department is responsible for the management and provision of Cultural Sees in Blaenau Gwent. Cultural Services is constituted of the Arts Development Service, Heritage, Libraries and Tourism. Tourism and Heritage operations are recent additions to the portfolio.

Individual Service strategieare being formulated to inform future direction and investment. There is an established threar yebrary Plan and Business Plan. Draft Arts Development and Heritage Strategiease been completed recording a five-year vision for the services. Theourism strategy will complete the service strategies for the Cultural Services Division.

All Cultural Services Plans and Strategiesentif

1.5 Purpose

The purpose of this strategy is:

- x To demonstrate Blaenau Gwestcommitment to tourism.
- x To produce a framework for action for tourism in Blaenau Gwent that will develop all aspects of tourism and the produce the volume and economic benefit of tourism within the area.
- x To evaluate current tourisproduct.
- x To provide strategic advice and gaintee in developing opportunities for the development of tourism in Blaenau Gwent.
- x To estabsh the authority's priorities and delivery timescales in relation to tourism.
- x To deliver the proposals through in tigating funding avenues and anketing opportunities
- x To establish effective monitoring, collation statistical evidence, and research activities that will analyse the fectiveness of the strategy.

1.6 **Aim**

The aim of this strategy is:

- x To ensure tourism development is sussinable environmentally, economically and culturally.
- x To improve the quality of existing and new developments in response to customer and industry, needs and to increase the competitiveness of our operators in order to increase their prosperity.
- x To improve the image of the area.
- x To respond to custoen and operator needs.
- x To develop partnership working to increase effectiveness.
- x To provide a base for funding aimations and marketing purposes.
- x To develop closer Local Albority and Business links.
- x To instil greater confidence in existi**ag**d potential private sector developers.

1.7 <u>Consultation Process</u>

A consultation process will be undertaken to establish the views of relevant individuals and bodies both within and **sixt**e Blaenau Gwent. The strategy will then be amended with any relevant observations.

1.8 Timescale

The draft strategy will be producedly Spring 2004 followed by a two-ornth consultation period. It is envisaged that the amended strategy will be published by the end Summer 2004.

The strategy will cover a fiveear period with annual review give the flexibility that is requed by the ever-changing nature of tourism markets.

2 BACKGROUND

2.1 Previous Strategies

The first Blaenau Gwent Tourism Strategys produced in February 1993 following the success of hosting the National GardFeestival at Ebbw Vale in 1992. The strategy covered a two-year period with theommendations of two yearly reviews. The subsequent turn over of tourism officend redesignation of the post to major on heritage shifted the emphsis of the strategy.

2.2 New Post

The re-establishment of the Tourism postNionvember 2002 restored the authority's commitment to this servicærea and hence this strategy.

2.3 Geographical context

Blaenau Gwent sits in the north east of Stouth Wales Valleys and on the Southern edge of the Brecon Beacons National Parkcomprises of the top sections of three valleys, The Sirhowy, The Ebbw Fawr and Ebbw Fach. Due to its position on the edge of the South Wales Coal Field and Limestone and Ironstone areas to the north, it was the scene for the early iron intoles. The landscape reflects much of this history with ribbon development alothog valley bottoms and sides. The valley sides were once heavily wooded but were astended through the need for fuel and timber that serviced the industal revolution. Most of the spoil tips that once littered Blaenau Gwent have now been reclaid and utilised for development or environmental purposes.

The Countryside and Landscape strategy 1998 lysed land utilization within the County Borough:

Open Countryside 45%
Defined urban area 23%
Enclosed Agricultural land 20%
Urban Fringe 9%
Recreation is 3%

It also analysed Land reclamation arodunid that since 1972 15% of the total land area of Blaenau Gwent has be replained and only 2% remained to be reclaimed. Of this 2% a substantial amount has since the reclaimed with only two small areas remaining one of which, Brynmawr Patchiesan important archaeological site.

These statistics reveal thratearly three quarters of Blazen Gwent can be counted as green areas, contrasting frochramatic valleys to desolate open moorland. These contrasts provide a wonderful scenic backdrooptourists and grie the opportunity of exploration on foot or cycle for all ages and abilities.

2.4 <u>Tourism Forums</u>

A tourism Forum was set up during theadeup period to the National Garden Festival, however, thisofum has since disbanded and no forum for tourism business or organisations exists within the ographical boundary of Blaenau Gwent. (Action point 2)

The distribution of these funds is short telorent it is imperative to work with local tourism businesses to maximistree opportunities that exist Action point 9&103.3 Valleys of South Wales

The Valleys Consortium is one of the 12 marketing areas in Wales. The membership consists of Blaenau Gwent County Bogh Council, Caetpilly CBC, Merthyr Tydfil CBC, Neath and Port Talbot CBC, Rhono Cyanon Taff CBC, Torfaen CBC and the WTB. The consortium market Heritagereaks in the Valleys of South Wales including the production of the brochure caweb site. Blaenau Gwent are now full members of this consortium and it is essentitiat we take an active role in what is the main UK consumer marketing tool for the aarlt is imperative to raise the profile of Blaenau Gwent and establish it as a kestination within the Valleys of South Wales.

All efforts must be made to secure the poort of our tourism businesses to this campaign to extend the coverage of our aire the brochure and further raise the Blaenau Gwent profile (Action point 5)

It is the intention to radinalise the marketing for 2004 to reflect the niche qualities of the product and target the markets markets. The literature for the new campaign will comprise of a Heritage Barks guide that will be visually strong, selling the region and proposed trails. The dequivill be distributed independently as well as within a pack combined with these rets. The Wisdom and Walks trail inserts will cover six segments with suggested itineraries and will be distributed in response to targeted activity.

The segments are:

Heroes of the Revolution – using key presilities to tell the story of industrial heritage in South Wales.

Folk Law & Fairy Tales – the itimaries will cover heritage attractions & locations using myth, legel & faith as the theme.

Outdoor & Active – this segment will relie to walking, cycling, golf and other activities.

Artists Impressions – arts, crafts and literature links will be used to take the visitor around the region.

Genealogy – giving inforation on how to trace ancestors.

Festival of Walks – events list of walks throughout the region.

The pack is flexible to complement the marketing activities of local authorities.

3.4 South East Wales

Since 1991, for tourism purposes, Waless vsapported by three regional tourism companies to undertake regionaltisaity on behalfof its trade members. At that time, Blaenau Gwent fell under the provision Tourism South and West Wales. The National Assembly reviewed this structured decided to divide Wales into four areas in line with the four regional tourism partnership.

Blaenau Gwent lies within the Capital Region Tourism (CRT) area that is defined as the local authority areas of Blaenau GweBridgend, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Merthyr Tydfil, Monmouthshire, Newport, Rhond Dynon Taff, Torfaen, Vale of Glamorgan and Brecon Beacons National Park Author Type directors of CRT are comprised of one member from each of the aforementable authorities along with eleven members elected from the trade covering ison, hospitality and leisure industries. The new company is a streamlined or sation emphasising the delivery of product led marketing initiatives. CRT is a pate company limited by guarantee with membership drawn from local authorities and trade. The company receives core funding from WTB and draws down othernous from, for example, ELWa (Education and Learning Wales) and ERDF (Expean Regional Development Fund).

The mission statement for CRT is:

'Through genuine partnership working, lead South East Wales in fulfilling its tourism potential as both the essential gateway to Wales and a destination of world class quality in its own right, in way which bring clear, lasting increasing benefits to the resident communities abusinesses of the region.'

The work of CRT is divided into fousub-groups for management and specialist product groups dealing with:

- x Culturd and Heritage;
- x Events Tourism
- x Business Tourism
- x Short Breaks Tourism
- x Golf Tourism.

CRT have just completed the review of their Regional Tourism Strategy, 'Competing with Confidence' to bring it up to date and to reflect the significant changes that have occurred over the past two years. The consumer propositions identified in the strategy as priorities for regional investment eadivided into urban, regional and WTB propositions;-

Urban Propositions

- x Business Torism 3*+ accommodation, meetings and conference capacity, incentive opportunities, exhibition space
- x Urban Breaks: range of accommodation tural and sporting events, retail, food, entertainment, attractions

Regional Propositions

- x Heritage Breaks: 3*+ accommodationtractions, events soft" activities
- x Luxury Short Breaks: resort hotelsountry house hotels, **4***accommodation, food, "soft" activities
- x Golf Tourism courses, range of nearby accommodation, food "Big Country" Propositions
- x Breaks based on Coastal and Rural Attitis: range of accommodation, rural attractions watersports, cycling, walking

It is essential that tourism operators, with our help, maximise the opportunities presented by the revised strategy in **terrof** inward investment and marketing. (Action point 9&10)

CRT also act as secretariat to the South East Wales Economic Forum – Tourist Implementation Group (SEWEF TIG). SAMEF is divided into The Regional Economic Strategy Group, Tourist Implementation Group, Skills Group, land and Property Working Group, Business Supportionsortium and The Marketing, Promotion Inward Investment Group. Memsheip of the TIG consists of Local Authority Tourism Officers, CRT, WTB, Welsh Development Agency (WDA) and University of Wales institute Cardiff (WIC). Its Terms of Reference include the implementation of tourism projects and theoriew of the Regional Tourism Strategy. It's key priorities for the coming year is complete the review of the Regional Tourism Strategy and revise the Action P, Agree the regional tourism investment framework, make progress on the skills deficit and improther packaging and distribution of product offers. Our continued presence at this forum is key to driving the tourism potential of Blaenau Gwent forwal Action point 5)

3.4.1 Southern Wales Consortium

Up until recently, the consortium only pathya covered the area and did not fully address the potential front avel trade and group travel markets from overseas. Business tourism was also undersold with Chardiff Conference Bureau covering the city and the remainder of the regidargely untapped. The Southern Wales Consortium is now made up of the locathaurity areas of Blaenau Gwent, Bridgend, Caerphilly, Merthyr Tydfil, Monmouthshire, Newport, Powys, Rhondda Cynon Taff, Torfaen and Vale of Glamorgan along with ales Tourist Board, Capital Region Tourism and The Cardiff Initiative. It cover three areas of Travel Trade, Overseas Consumer and Business Tourism. Twitioners based at Bridgend CBC cover the Travel Trade and Overseas markets while an Officer based at Newport CBC covers Business Tourism. Blaenau Gwents contribution this consortium gives our tourism operators the opportunity to expantibine markets, which include:-

a) Travel Trade and Overseas

The previous Trade Travel Campaign only partially covered the region and concentrated on the UK travel trade sector, essenyially based coach operators, tour operatoms group organisers.

With the start of BMI Baby low costignts to Cardiff and the Ryderup in 2010, the developing of both these campaignts a significant effort to make an impact on the travel trade both time UK and in our overseas target markets is imperative, whilst continuing to bid on the previous investment and presence built up in the consumer overseas sector.

The target markets for UK travel trade City Coast, Countryside and Event based short breaks from:

- x England and Walles based coach operators
- x Tour operators and group travel organisers

x Niche Group Travel operators fgolf, activities and heritage.

The target markets for overseas travel trade are:

- x UK based incoming ground handlers for North America, Northern Europe and Ireland (BITOA).
- x Tour operators, group organisers inr**t**MoAmerica, Northern Europe and Ireland already running programmes**B**dtain (to expand itineraries and packages involving SE Wales).
- x Carriers, especially BMI baby but also ferry companies.
- x Specialist inche operators for golf,heritage and activities including walking and cycling

x Interpretation

- x Primary segments in the UK marketeatfluent early retired, affluent empty nesters and better off families. Secondary segments are pre-family professionals and risers. The are key WTB markets.
- x However, primary segments in our key English regions are affluent early retired couples, affluent working mpty nesters, younger professional couples and groups, younger better offiliaes, older better off families, middle / lower income families, older less well-off couple and groups, business travellers, young rising sieng/students. These are key CRT markets.
- 4.1.3 It is important to match target market ments with market niches or themes. The following scenarios are, therefor the best way forward for our area.

x Business Torism

affluent working empty nesters younger professional couples and groups business trællers young rising singles/students

x Urban breaks

affluent working empty nesters younger professional couples and groups young rising singles/students Overseas

x Heritage breaks

affluent early retired couples
affluent working empty nesters,
younger processional couples and groups, younger better off families
older better off families
young rising singles/students
Overseas

x Luxury breaks

affluent early retired couples, affluent working emty nesters,

older less well-off couple and groups young rising singles/students

4.2 <u>Visitor Surveys</u>

It is essential to undertakes ition surveys of both the daynd stay visitomarkets to evaluate the benefit of existing marketing dadentify shifts in future tourism trends. This can be best achieved through:

- x Continued rembership of STEAM.
- x Close involvement with The Wales Tourismesearch Partnership to identify best practise.
- x Joint surveys with CRT embers to be undertaken every 2 years
- x Local survey includingface to face subsys at Visitor Attractions and self completion surveys at accommodation providers and events. (Action point 6 &7)

5.0 DEVELOPMENT

5.1 Tourism Infrastructure

5.1.1 Transport

a) Rail

At present, the nearest rail links are that Valleys line station at Rhymney and West coast mainline at Abergavenny.

Valleys lines are essentially access to and from Cardiff but this links up with the Great Western lingiving links eastward to London and westward to Swansea, Fishguard and the Republic of Ireland. Rhymney statison ha excellent bus links (Route 20) toetegar including Parc Bryn Bach. Abergavenny Station links to the X3rsiee between Cardiff and Hereford via

Pontypool and Cwmbran. However, a short walk into the bus station will enable visitors to access the X4 service between Hereford and Cardiff via Brynmawr, Ebbw Vale, Tredegar, Merthyr and Pontypridd.

The proposed passenger rail link to Eblowle has been announced with the work on the 15 kmdual track and six stations is schedule start early 2004 with the service to be up and running during 2005. Two of the six stations will be located at Ebbw Vale and Llaneth. The service to Cardiff is due to commence in 2005 and to Newport by 2000 point 8)

b) <u>Air</u>

Our nearest International Airports and Eristol. Schedule flights link up the extra with Europe and North America and many new economy operators offer a wide range of low cost options across Europe. All airports h3 -1.15 Temboross

extended opportunities for family and emds living overseas or even distant areas of the UK.

c) Road

The M4, M5 and M50 combined with the A470 and A465 Heads of the Valley roads give excellent ontorway links to the area from the South East, South West, Midlands and London. The current dualling works can only improve this access. However, there is always flear that the upgrades will take traffic through the area rather than the to the area to the area is, therefore, essential that the area is promoted appropriate tourism signage and interpretation at all opportunities.

Government support for public transpost maintaining the services to the area, the X4 service for example etween Hereford and Cardiff via Brynmawr, Ebbw Vale, Tredegar, Meyer and Pontypridd along with the X15 and X16 services that link Brynmawn antyglo, Blaina and Abertillery with Newport and Cardiff respectively give good value quick links from our major towns to the area. However, many of these routes only operate Monday to Saturday or have a limited service Soundays making it very difficult for visitors without a cato have a weekend break in the area.

5.2 Accommodation

Our known existing stock and capacity is esseld as Appendix 1. It is clear that a proportion of this stock has no wish to insvolved with the ourism market. Once these businesses are removed from the ateon we are left with a small but committed group of businesses with good quabity mises. It is a priority to have these premises graded and fully activithin the WTB marketing scheme Action point 3)

a) Hotels

At present there is only one WTB greath del with accommodation in the area (in Ebbw Vale), however, there approposals at advanced stages for a hotel development at Parc Bryn Back are fortunate that the hotel in question is of a high standard WTB graded 3 star and is actively working towards 4 star status.

b) <u>Guesthouses</u>

There are currently six Guest Houses operating in Blaenau Gwent, two in Tredegar, one in Ebbw Vale, one Mantyglo, one in Blaina and one in Abertillery. Only one is graded to date but three of the remaining five are currently going through the grading process. Only one of the three is not reliant on tourism trade.

c) Public Houses and Restaurants with rooms

At present there are five businesses untidies category but none are graded. Few see their facilities as tourism dependent and are are tutal put in the necessary investment to develop that is in each along this route. However with statutory registration on the horizon their a likelihood that they may by forced into improving their stadards to stay in business.

d) <u>Bunkhouse</u>s

There are two Bunkhouses in Blaena

b) Festival Park

Ebbw Vale hosted Garden Festival Waites 1992. As well as reclaiming a site contaminated by mining and steel working ine legacy remains for residents and visitors to Blaena Gwent. Some of the site has been developed for housing and business/industrial units between much of the site has been retained as a modern and innovative ark. There are extensive mature woodlands with an owl sanctuary, wetlands, formal parkland, the large environmental sculpture of Mother Banand many miles of paths and trails. The site is capped with Festival Opining, a factory outlet retail park. The dual appeal of the attractions makes it the top visitor destination in Blaenau Gwent drawing visitors from acrossouth and mid Wales and the Borders.

c) <u>Heritage sites</u>

There are a diverse range heritage sites in Blaenau Gwent by nature, size and importance. The hillsides are satetlewith over 500 sets dating back to prehistoric times. The medieval church St Illtyd's contrasts with the fortified Ironmasters redience at Roundhouse Towers. There is the Georgian splendour of Bedwellty House and Pathong with the recently restored Ironworks at Sirhowy. Smaller but noste important are the Cholera Cemetery set high above Tredegar thre industrial Brinore Tramroad. The recording, conservation and development of these sites are dealt with fully in the Blaenau Gwent Heritage Strategy.

d) Local museums and galleries

Many local museums have now be the veloped at Abertillery, Blaina, Brynmawr and Tredegar with small been thusiastic groups of volunteers. Their size and operating hours vary but interest the command within the community is growing. There are also veral archive groups set up recording photographs and memories of past times. These will be of immense importance to genealogy tourists that growing sector of the market.

e) The Great Outdoors

The geographical context of the area was laid out in the background information of the strategy and its prortance can never be underestimated. Whatever the accommodation or attracts can offer it is the dramatic backdrop that our location gives is unequallin the UK. It is something that we take for granted but is a dramation trast to other areas. For generations the visual image that the valleys conjured up was one of pitheads and coal tips. Massive land reclamations schemes now see the valleys green again and visitors go away with a total different view of the areat is essential that we make every effort to replace old preceptions with new dramatic and vibrant images. This is being done in partitough 'Heritage Breaks', the WTB area marketing campaign for the Valleys of South Wales and will be continued through the Herian projecation points 5 & 17)

5.6 The wider community

Wales has a rich and diverse heritage arbiture that is highlighted in part in the WTB Sense of Place tool kit. Many of the traditions that we take for granted are of prime interest to tourists. It is essential we harness everything that our community has to off to give visitors a taste of Wales and the flavour of the valleys. Attractions such as our museums are all run by shoat enthusiastic groups of volunteers who not only provide an invaluable service to their community but also offer areas of interest to tourists. An arabat is ripe for developments our musical heritage. An evening spent at a choir practice is atillass memory for the visitor and the real flavour of Welsh culture and heritage are or our choirs already open their rehearsals to visitors all that is requal is the organising and promotion of these sessions.

5.7 **Training**

There are many opportunities flourism related training in Wales. The Welsh School of Hospitality, Tourism and Leisure Managenthes based at UWIC where they offer HNC, Degree and Masters courses in Tsourand Hospitality Management. There are also many other vocational coursessavised by Wales Tourist Board, Tourism Training Forum for Wales and UWIC. It essential that our Tourism Operators grasp every opportunity available to develop the the relevant their employees in order to enhance their businesses and improver the retention of existing customers and encourage new visitors we must ensure that product we deliver is of the highest quality.

UWIC, supported by CRT is facilitating democaled training across SE Wales in the SPICE (iii) project. The training is delived through the development of tourism clusters and one of the first prioritifed lowing the establishing of a Tourism Forum in Blaenau Gwent will be to develop this training point 12)

6. SUMMARY

Blaenau Gwent is a small mosaic of then make atures of Wales, however due to our size and diversity there is no dimant brand that makes us a destination. We therefore have to work in partnership with the groups and consortiums to maximise our tourism potential.

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council has addy demonstrated its commitment to tourism in securing a dedicated officer for tourism development and funding from Corus Regeneration package. The extatua of our existing tourism product has commenced but this requires continual monitoring and updating.

An action plan has been produced that whellvelop all aspects who urismand thereby increase the volume and economic benefit confrism within the æra. The plan will also provide strates advice and guidance in whell oping opportunities for the development of tourism in Blaenau Gwent both local government, private and community enterprises. It is important owever, that any development should be sustainable, environmentally, economically daculturally and in response to operator, customer and industry needs.

In addition to the development of the produtcits essential that all arriketing avenues be explored to maximise the opportunitieattlexist. Every effort should be made to local tourism operators to engage in the exctivities. The effective monitoring of markets and marketing activity, collection statistical evidence, and research activities that will analyse the effectives of the strategy is essential for the economic sustainability of tourism in the area.

Finally, in order to deliver the actions outlin in the strategy, the council will seek to identify approprite funding and resources recolute secure the lineary of the action plan. As tourism in Blaenau Gwent develop further capacity and expertise from other areas will need to be harnessed to benefit the local economy e.g Coleg Gwent, Learning Campus on the Corus site. The shortfall in tourism training is already evident acoss the country and the drive to stimulate training in tourism related areas is essential.

7. <u>ACTION PLAN</u>

No.	Item	Description	Review	Responsibility
1	Tourism Strategy	Draft strategy for tourism	Annually	
		development and marketing by June		
		2004.		

		 x Support and develop new attractions enhance diversity and provide additional places to visit and things to do. x To encourage attractis to become members of SWAP-target of one new Blaenau Gwent attraction per year for the next three years. 	
11	Community	 x Support ad develop, existing Ongoing venues to improve quality and sustainability. x Support ad develop new venues that enhance diversity of sites within Blaenau Gwent x To encourage venues to bence involved in the Newport and South East Wales Conference guide - target of five venues this year and one new Blaenau Gwent venue per year for the next three years. x Survey and record all Annual 	TM, Local businesses
12	Community	x Survey and record all Annual community groups and initiatives within the area that will be of interest to tourist and maintain database by Dec. 2004. x Encourage community to engage with tourism market.	TM, Community groups
13	Training	X Encourage torism operators to Annual engage in training opportunities. X Develop trainingprogramme in conjunction with local tourism operators and UWIC by Dec. 2004.	TM, Local businesses, Community groups
14	Signage	X Write Strategy for tourism April 2009 signage in Blaenau Gwent by Dec. 2005. X Investigate funding venues and implement strategy	TM
15	Web sites	Maintain Blaenau Gwent inputOngoing on WTB's DMS and CRT's CMS Ongoing Develop andmaintain tourism aspect of Blaenau Gwent web site by April 2005.	TM, Welsh Assembly Sponsored Public Bodies,
16	Events	X Survey and record all EventsOngoing within the area that will be of interest to tourists and maintain database by Oct.2004. X Encourage and support the development of key regional /	TM, Local businesses, Community groups

national events.

x Produce 'Whats on Guide' in 2004

8. <u>APPENDICES</u>

Appendix 1

Business	Number	No.	Capacity	Graded
		Rooms/units		
Hotels	3	31	58	1x3*
Guest Houses	6	27	61	1x2*,
				3 awaiting grading
Pub/Restaurant with rooms	5	26	53	
Bunkhouses	2	10	48	2x3*
Self Catering	1	1	6	4*
Caravan and Camp sites	1	32	32	2*
Total	18	102	258	